

EUSAIR Pillar 2 (Subgroup on Transport)

Interoperable rail infrastructure and services to increase rail connectivity in the Adriatic and Ionian Region

Opening address

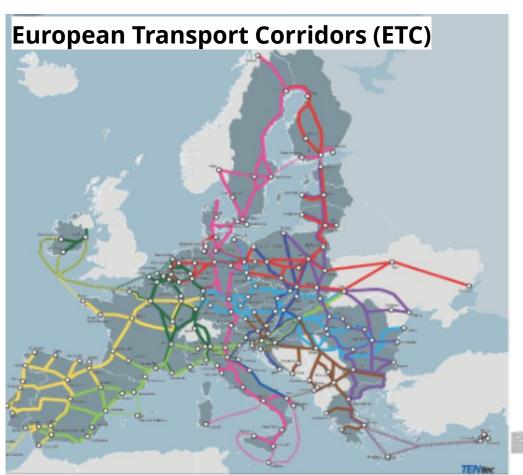
Pierluigi Coppola
EUSAIR Pillar 2 Coordinator

Šibenik (Croatia), 16 May 2024



The revised TEN-T (2024)

- On December 2023: provisional agreement on the revision of the trans-European transport network (Reg. 1315/2024)
- Completion is planned in three steps: 2030 (core), 2040 (extended core), and 2050 (comprehensive networks)
- European Transport Corridors will integrate Core Network Corridors and Rail Freight Corridors, encompassing strategic sections of the core and extended core networks



ATLANTIC

NORTH SEA - RHINE

NORTH SEA - BALTIC

SCANDINAVIAN -MEDITERRANEAN

BALTIC SEA

PHINE - DANIIRE

MEDITERRANEAN

WESTERN BALKANS EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN

BALTIC SEA - BLAC SEA - AEGEAN SEA





TEN-T extension in the Adriatic-Ionian Region

Policy objectives

- To increase connectivity across Europe, foster the resilience of the transport system,
- To shift more passengers and freight to sustainable modes of transport
- To focus on sustainable urban mobility

Western Balkans-Eastern Mediterranean Corridor

Baltic Sea - Adriatic Sea Corridor





The EUSAIR Transport Master Plan

Involvement of EUSAIR regional countries and regional countries and regional countries are stakeholders

Definition and simulation of alternative infrastructure scenarios

Shared strategic vision for transport and mobility in the Al Region

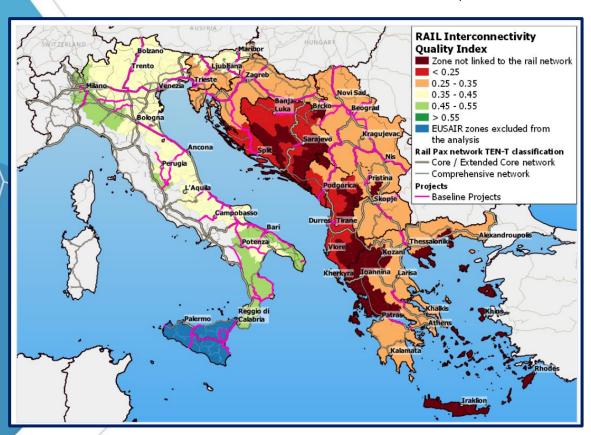
Existing
National and
international
Strategic Plans

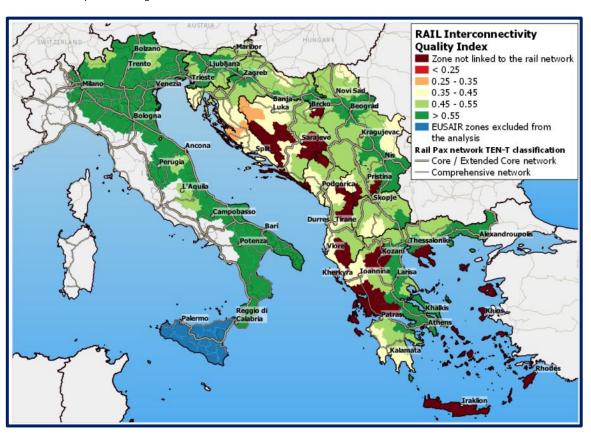
current transport scenario/policies



The EUSAIR Transport Master Plan

Improvement in Rail connectivity from TEN-T (Extended Core) implementation





BASE YEAR 2017 - Rail connectivity

TEN-T 2040 SCENARIO - Rail connectivity



Western Balkan - Eastern **Mediterranean Corridor**

A great opportunity to improve connectivity in the Al Region

Corridor features



Motorways 5 750 km



Railways 5 853 km



21 locations Seaports



Airports 14 locations

Multimodal

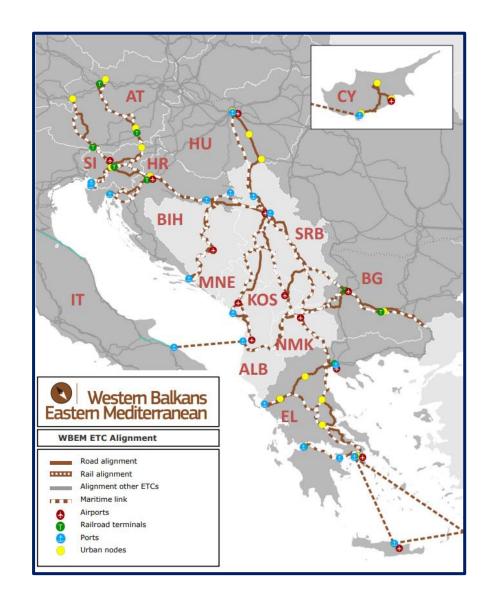
13 locations

Terminals

Freight



Urban nodes 24 locations





Western Balkan – Eastern Mediterranean Corridor

huge investment to enable the provision of seamless and safe cross-border rail services (passenger and freight)

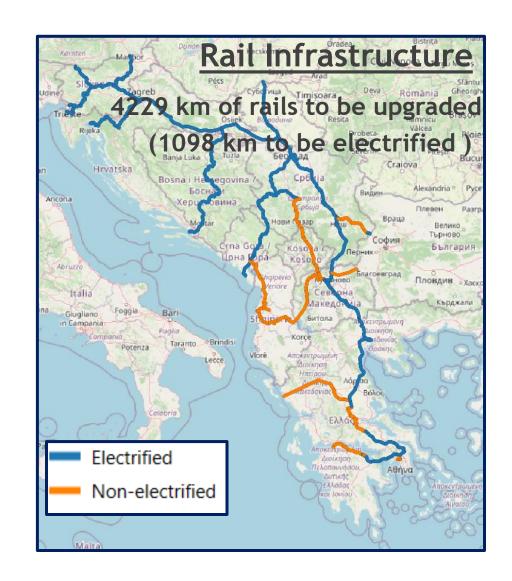
	Extended Corre requirements	Freight	Passengers
	minimum train operating speed	100 km/h	160 km/h
	 Combined transport profile 	P400	-
	• Gauge	1435 mm	
_	 Elettrification 	Yes	
,	 Axle weight 	22,5 t	-
	 train length 	750 m	-
	• ERTMS	Yes Yes	
	 Interoperability (TSI 2016/797) 		
	Border crossing times	<15min	_



Western Balkan – Eastern Mediterranean Corridor

Key Issues in implementation

- Rail infrastructure less developed than EU (e.g. gap in electrification, low commercial speed, outdated terminal equipment,...)
- Gap in legislation (e.g. border crossing delays, EU Acquis in the field of dangerous goods transport ...)
- Slow implementation or non-existent (in WB6) ERMTS plan
- Non-existent plan for innovative and green rail solution (e.g. viability of hydrogen-based rail, ITC, ...)
- Very few or non-existent passenger services





Creating an interoperable rail infrastructure and services

Topics for discussion

- considering the complexity and duration of the implementation of transport infrastructure projects: what is the framework of priorities for the AI Region?
- how to harmonize the standards of transport infrastructures and what resources are available to upgrade existing networks
 - Are there any passenger rail services that could be already activated on the existing infrastructure? what are the barriers?

144 on-going and planned project in Al Region



Source: EUSAIR Transport Masterplan

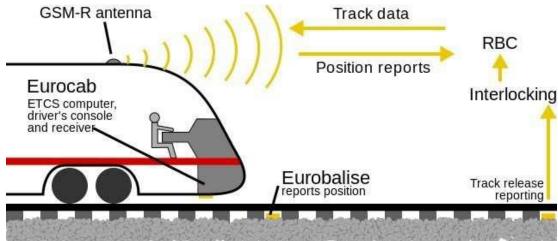


Creating an interoperable rail infrastructure and services

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ERTMS (European Railway Traffic Management System)





Creating an interoperable rail infrastructure and services

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Interreg IT-SL, CROSSMOBY (2018)



Thanks for the attention!

